

FARMORT-BLOC

Raticide Pellets ready to use to fight
Against all types of rodents
Contains 0.005% bromadiolone

Product presentation

FARMORT BLOC is a second-generation, ready-to-use, water-repellent Bromadiolone anticoagulant block designed to combat all types of rodents that are ideal for wet environments.

FARMORT BLOC represents a powerful alternative for the fight against rodents resistant to difenacoum, chlorofacinone ...

The block format prevents accidental release of the bait and provides a visual indicator of rodent passage.

FARMORT BLOC and very effective with delay effect easy to use, odorless and nonflammable.

Characteristics

- Solid blocks in green color.
- Strengthened as a palatability agent.
- Contains a bittering agent.
- Preventive or curative use.
- **FARMORT BLOC** causes internal hemorrhages that trigger spontaneously (intestine-liver).

Its mode of action is characterized by indirect anticoagulants, the rodents die 3 to 6 days after ingestion, the delay effect of this molecule allows to circumvent the mistrust of rats, corpses dry up and rarely feel.

Mode and doses of employment

- Arrange the **FARMORT BLOC** baits on the rodent passages (holes, passageways ...) in bait stations adapted to the environment to be treated. This modality preserves the product and prevents other non-target animals from consuming the animals. 'bait.
- For rats, Norway rats: place 3 to 4 blocks per post every 5 to 10 meters depending on the configuration of the premises.
- For mice: place 1 block per post every meter.
- Check at 14 days and possibly renew.
- Rodents die in 4 to 10 days.

Conditioning

Boxes: 80gr

Bucket: 5 kg

Caution of use

- Keep **FARMORT BLOC** out of reach of children.
- Keep away from food products.
- Do not eat, do not drink, do not smoke during treatment.
- If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately.

Labeling

FARMORT BLOC: Xn, N. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Antidote

Vitamin K1